The Supreme Council for Women is to be established under the authority of His Majesty the King. Article 16 of the Amiri Order No. 55 of 2001, which amended the Amiri Order No. 16 of 2000, stated that the Supreme Council for Women (SCW) shall consist of at least ten members, representing public female figures experienced in women’s affairs. The remaining two in 3 years shall be ratified. A Royal Order shall be issued appointing the remaining members of the council, while the King chooses the deputy chairwoman.

**Mission**

To empower Bahraini women and integrate their needs in development to ensure the sustainability of the family stability and societal peace, in addition to reinforcing the principle of equal opportunities to remain competitive of Bahraini women’s, contrary to limiting freedom and the various opportunities available to Bahraini women is to ensure the standard of their quality of life through a framework of legislation and policies by integrating with allies and partners in institutional opportunities available to Bahraini women in order to elevate the standard of her quality of life.

To draw up a national plan to improve the situation of women and solve the problems they face. To perform any duties assigned by the King to the council.

**Vision**

Royal Highness Princess Sabaween bint Ibrahim Al Khalifa President of the Supreme Council for Women (SCW) issued Edict No.: 1/2014 reappointing the Vice President of the Supreme Council for Women in the rank of Minister for a term of three years.

The duration of their membership term shall be for three years.

**Duties and Responsibilities**

1. Publish publications and produce printed and electronic materials related to the Council’s programs with these organizations.
2. To represent Bahraini women in national, regional and International forums and organizations.
3. To participate in the official bodies and committees formed by the government to address women’s issues, directly or indirectly.
4. To follow up the application of laws, resolutions and international conventions regarding women, required to improve the situation of women.
5. To put forward proposals to the authorities concerned.
6. To prepare a national plan to improve the situation of women and solve the problems they face.
7. To make any recommendations to the authorities.
8. To make any recommendations to the authorities.
9. To make any recommendations to the authorities.
10. To make any recommendations to the authorities.

**Establishment**

The Supreme Council for Women was established on 22 August 2001 upon Amiri Order no. 16, Amali. It was amended by the Amiri Order No. 55 of 2001, No. 2 2002, and the Amiri Royal Order No. 36 of 2004.

The article laid down in the above Amiri Orders and Royal Decree were on: to:

1. The Supreme Council for Women in its establishment under the authority of His Majesty the King. Article 16 of the Amiri Order No. 55 of 2001, which amended the Amiri Order No. 16 of 2000, stated that the Supreme Council for Women (SCW) shall consist of at least ten members, representing public female figures experienced in women’s affairs. The remaining two in 3 years shall be ratified. A Royal Order shall be issued appointing the remaining members of the council, while the King chooses the deputy chairwoman.

His Majesty King Hamad bin Isa Al Khalifa issued Royal Decree No.: 10-2014 appointing the following as members of the Supreme Council for Women:

- Dr. Shaikha Maram bint Hassaan Al Khalifa.
- Mrs. Hala Mohammed Al-Amari.
- Dr. Fatima Mohammed Al-Balkushi.
- Shaikha Hessa bint Khalifa Al Khalifa.
- Dr. Bahya Jawad Al-Jard.
- Mrs. Dabel Jasen Al-Zaydi.
- Shaikha Latifa bint Abdul Al Khalifa.
- Dr. Fathweh Fairz Al-Murshoos.
- Mrs. Ahmed Al-Razi Al-Zaydi.
- Mrs. Mariam Ahmed Jam'an.
- Antawaszeen Bint Daud Al-Aleeb.
- Mrs. Massooma Abd-Al-Rasoul Ibra.
- Mrs. Wilda Rifa Al-Moussawi.
- Shaikha Aseel bint Khalifa Al Khalifa.
- Dr. Huda Hassan Al-Maskati.
- Mrs. Hala Al-Hussain Yehan.

The membership term shall be for three years.